# TONO's Distribution Rules for 2021 (year of exploitation)

# **Concerts - Fee-based distribution**

That the concert is fee-based means that the distributed amount depends on the size of the fee invoiced and paid. The fee is paid by the organizer and the size of the fee depends on the size of the audience or the ticket revenue. Each concert is allocated a number of points related to the concert fee. If the concert is part of a periodic agreement, an average number of points may be calculated based on the total revenue divided with the number of concerts.

A minimum of 1.000 points and a maximum of 10.000 points are allocated, see the table to the right.

If the concert fee is higher than NOK 25.000, the concert may be distributed as a major concert, where the distributed amount equals the paid amount after deductions for administration and cultural funds.

Concert fee (NOK)	Points
0-1000	1 000
1001-1100	1 100
1101-1200	1 200
1201-1300	1 300
-	etc.
9801-9900	9 900
9901 og mer	10 000

### Live dance music at Hotels, restaurants etc.

This is an area with a low-payment tariff where we don't require

setlists/music reporting. We still accept setlists from our members and sister societies. Rather than rejecting the setlists, we distribute them with a fixed set of points of 300.

# Minimum tariff concerts, performed repeatedly in the same venue, by the same organizer and artist/performer

When the same concert is organized and performed at least four times repeatedly in the same venue within the same year, each concert receives reduced points. The higher number of repetitions, the lower the allocated points will be for each concert. At 60 repetitions, each concert receives 300 points, which is the lower limit of points allocation.

# Subsidized distribution

Concerts connected to organizers or performers which generally and mainly represent contemporary classical music, electroacoustic music or related highly sophisticated and complex forms of instrumental music. The concerts are allocated extra funds from non-distributable amounts from previous distributions in various areas. Below you will find a complete list of organizers and performers connected to the subsidized distribution of concerts.

Points are allocated in the exact same way as in the fee-based distribution, but the point value is higher.

### **Reduction factor for works**

It's a limit to how much a work can receive in subsidized funds. This is handled practically by a reduction factor. The value of the reduction factor depends on how many times before the work has been performed and distributed as part of a concert.

Reduction factors are show in the table to the right. Number of times distributed refers to previous distributed concerts which the work has been part of.

No. of times distr.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	>10
Reduction factor(%)	100	50	33	25	20	17	14	13	11	10	10

#### Organizers/customers connected to subsidized concert distribution

AKSIOM ENSEMBLE BERGEN FILHARMONISKE ORKESTER **BIT20 ENSEMBLE BLACK BOX TEATER BOREALIS FESTIVALEN** DET NORSKE BLÅSEENSEMBLE DET NORSKE KAMMERORKESTER DET NORSKE SOLISTKOR EDVARD GRIEG MUSEUM ELECTRIC AUDIO UNIT **FESTSPILLENE I BERGEN FESTSPILLENE I ELVERUM FESTSPILLENE I NORD-NORGE** FORSVARETS REGNSKAPSADMINISTRASJON HARDANGER MUSIKKFEST KILDEN TKS (KRISTIANSAND SYMFONIORKESTER) **KLASSISK** KON-TIKI KAMMERMUSIKKFESTIVAL LOFOTEN INTERNASJONALE KAMMERMUSIKKFEST NORD-NORSK OPERA OG SYMFONIORKESTER NORSJØ KAMMERMUSIKKFEST NRK KRINGKASTINGSORKESTRET NORSKE SYMFONIORKESTRES LANDSFORBUND NOTAM NY MUSIKK OSLO KAMMERMUSIKK FESTIVAL OSLO SINFONIETTA OG CIKADA **RISØR KAMMERMUSIKKFEST** SONJA HENIE OG NIELS ONSTAD STIFTELSE STAVANGER SYMFONIORKESTER STIFTELSEN INTERN. CHAMBER MUSIC FESTIVAL STIFTELSEN OSLO-FILHARMONIEN TRONDHEIM KAMMERMUSIKK FESTIVAL TRONDHEIM SYMFONIORKESTER ULTIMA OSLO CONTEMPORARY MUSIC

#### Performers connected to subsidized concert distribution

AKSIOM ENSEMBLE ARKTISK SINFONIETTA

AVGARDE ASAMISIMASA **BERGEN DOMKOR** BERGEN FILHARMONISKE ORKESTER **BIT20 ENSEMBLE** CIKADA DET NORSKE BLÅSEENSEMBLE DET NORSKE KAMMERORKESTER DET NORSKE SOLISTKOR ELECTRIC AUDIO UNIT **ENSEMBLE ALLEGRIA** ENSEMBLE DENADA ENSEMBLE ERNST ENSEMBLE NEON FORSVARETS MUSIKKORPS NORD-NORGE FORSVARETS STABSMUSIKKORPS KONGELIGE NORSKE MARINES MUSIKKORPS KORK (KRINGKASTINGSORKESTERET) **KRISTIANSAND SYMFONIORKESTER** LUFTFORSVARETS MUSIKKORPS MIN ENSEMBLET NORDIC VOICES OIKOS **OSLO FILHARMONISKE ORKESTER OSLO SINFONIETTA** PINQUINS POING SCHEEN JAZZORKESTER SISU SJØFORSVARETS MUSIKKORPS STAVANGER SYMFONIORKESTER TELEMARK KAMMERORKESTER TRONDHEIM JAZZORKESTER **TRONDHEIM SINFONIETTA** TRONDHEIM SYMFONIORKESTER TRONDHEIMSOLISTENE TØYEN FIL OG KLAFFERI

### Music performed in Church Services and sessions of devotion

These performances are by law exempt from economic compensations. However, the Norwegian State, represented by the Ministry of Culture, transfer an annual amount to TONO for distribution of music used on such occasions.

Received setlists are allocated 1.000 points.

## Major concert, Revue, Exhibition, Theatre and Grand Rights

The principle is to distribute paid fee after deduction of administration cost and to cultural funds.

### Radio og TV

Radio- and TV-channels are required to report every broadcasted musical work to TONO with actual durations. National channels also report data of the radio or TV-program the musical works is used in.

Each music usage receives a number of points, depending on duration, usage category and in some cases whether the usage took place daytime or nighttime, see separate section describing usage categories below.

The distribution value per minute is dependent on the factors mentioned above, but also is dependent on total distributable amount and the total points for the respective channel.

In cases where the fee is a lumpsum covering several channels, an amount per channel or group of channels is calculated, see sections below for each broadcaster.

#### **Usage categories**

Live performances on national channels are allocated a higher value per minute when the program is broadcasted in real-time or the first time a recording is broadcasted. The higher value is used regardless of whether the broadcaster produced the program itself or not.

"Live" means that the musical work is performed live. For example, on TV the performer can be seen playing or singing live in the program and on radio, the musical work is performed live in studio or a concert is broadcasted live. Music videos are counted as pre-recorded music and do not receive the live value.

Programmed music in and between the radio- or TV-programs, background music or music from archived recordings are not considered live. Included are vignettes, jingles, theme-music, trailers, and logos.

New live performances of the same musical work will be distributed as live one time per performance according to the above also if the new performance happens within the same program. Excerpts are not considered live.

The live value is used regardless of which channel the program is broadcasted, it is the first time of broadcast that matters. If a program is broadcasted simultaneously on more than one channel, the live value is applied on the channel with the highest value per minute. Live performances in program reruns do not receive the live value.

Multiplication factor for live value is 6.

Multiplication factor for vignettes, jingles, trailers, signatures, logos and programmed background music, which is not considered commissioned music for TV-series, documentaries and the like, receive a reduced value with a multiplication factor of 0,5.

NRK radio channels use reduced values in the nighttime (00 – 06) with a multiplication factor of 0,25.

#### Duration factor, in relation with live values

The duration factor relates to the actual duration of the performance of the musical work and only applies to the channels NRK P2 and NRK Klassisk.

Multiplication factors for single work performances with live value are shown in the table to the right based on different intervals of durations.

#### NRK

New rules for dividing the lumpsum payment from NRK was implemented from 2019 (year of exploitation).

NRK's music usage on radio, TV, and online was merged into one distribution pool. The rules were carried over to 2020.

The lumpsum is divided between the channels on basis of two principles.

- 1. Make available one part of the lumpsum is divided between the channels according to the number of minutes performed protected music.
- 2. Market shares of viewed/listened music the other part of the lumpsum is divided between the channels according to the consumption.

The principle of making available gives the used musical works a basic payment which is independent of the consumption in the market, in other words how many actually saw or listened to the program. This part strengths the niche channels.

Official market shares are delivered by Kantar TNS and Nielsen Media Research. These market shares are adjusted according to the music shares for each channel so that the market shares reflect listening/viewing of music content and not the channel as such.

Exactly how to weigh the two principles have not been decided yet, and therefore a transitional decision was made for 2019 and 2020 based on an average of three divisions, the division between the channels for 2018, the division between the channels if the weighting between the principles was 30/70 make available/market shares and the division between the channels if the weighting between the principles was 50/50.

For NRK's internet player the «channel» amount is divided between the audiovisual productions according to the product of number of views and the audiovisual production's total music duration. These amounts are then following the productions down to the musical works and the division between rightsholders based on duration.

Platform	Channel	Share
	P1 national	16,81 %
	P1 regional	7,67 %
Dealta	P1+	8,36 %
Radio	P2	3,94 %
	P3	8,78 %
	Klassisk	1,43 %

Share division between channels for 2020:

Duration	Factor
0-0,59 min.	0,5
1-3,59 min.	0,8
4-6,59 min.	1,2
7-9,59 min.	1,7
> 10 min.	2,5

	MP3	3,68 %
	Folkemusikk	0,81 %
	Jazz	2,49 %
	Super	2,74 %
	P13	3,30 %
	Nyheter	0,07 %
	Sapmi	1,65 %
	Sport	1,76 %
	Urort	2,04 %
	NRK 1	18,34 %
	NRK 2	5,72 %
TV	NRK 3	2,27 %
	NRK Super	4,83 %
	NRK regional TV	0,01 %
Online	NRK net player	3,28 %

#### TV2

For the linear TV-channels 80 % is distributed on the main channel, while the rest is divided between TV Zebra, TV2 Humor, TV2 Livsstil, TV2 Nyhetskanalen og TV2 sports channels according to points.

Before distribution between the linear channels, an amount is set aside for TV2 Sumo including C More and HayU according to market shares delivered by Kantar TNS.

For TV2 Sumo, C More and HayU, the «channel» amount is divided between the audiovisual productions according to the product of number of views and the audiovisual production's total music duration. These amounts are then following the productions down to the musical works and the division between rightsholders based on duration.

#### **TV Norge**

TV Norge consists of only one channel.

P4-group (MTG)

Channel	Factor
P4	
P5 Hits	Division
P6 Rock	Division
P7 Klem	according to market shares
Р8 Рор	on quarterly
P9 Retro	basis
P10 Country	00313
NRJ Norge	

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#### **Bauer Media**

Channel	Factor
BIG Hip Hop & R&B	
Radio Norge	
Kiss	
Radio Vinyl	Division
Radio Norsk Pop	according to
Radio Rock	market shares
Radio Topp 40	on quarterly
Kisstory	basis
P24-7 Mix	
P24-7 Kos	
Radio1	

#### Local radio

Channel	Factor
Jaerradioen	
Radio Atlantic	
Radio Grenland	
Radio Horten	
Radio Kragero	
Radio Nordsjo	
Radio Sandefjord	
Radio Sandnes	
Radio Tonsberg	
Radio Alesund	
1 FM Molde	Individual
1FM Gull	amounts – no
1FM Rock	lumpsums
1FM Jazz	
P7 Kristen Riksradio	
Mediehuset KSU 247	
Radio Ost	
Nea Radio	
Radio 102	
Radio 3,16	
Radio Metro	
Radiorakel	
Radio pTro	

### **Music streaming**

The description here covers rules used for distributing big DSP's like Spotify, YouTube, iTunes, Apple Music, Google Play, Tidal, Facebook, Soundcloud and the like. (DSP – digital service provider)

The fees in this area are complemented by complete usage logs and the fees are divided and allocated each musical work according to number of usages.

Music streaming is divided between performing rights and mechanical rights in a 70 % / 30 % split.

Work duration is not used in the distribution.

## Video on-demand

The description here covers rules for distributing services from Netflix, Altibox, Viaplay, HBO, Amazon Prime, SF Anytime, Blockbuster, Google Play (video on-demand), iTunes (video on-demand) and the like. For rules concerning NRK net player or TV2 Sumo, see description for TV above.

Fees in this area are specified per digital service provider and type of service, in example subscription service, rental and/or purchase.

Video on-demand streaming is divided between performing rights and mechanical rights in a 70 % / 30 % split

Video on-demand downloading is divided between performing rights and mechanical rights in a 30 % / 70 % split

#### **Distribution method**

Step 1 – production level

The fee for the relevant service/period is divided between the productions according to the following rules.

- Subscription service: division according to number of streams/views.
- Rental: division according to the product of number of rentals and price per rental.
- Purchase: division according to the product of number of purchases and sales price.

#### Step 2 – work- and rightsowner-level

The amounts on production level from step 1 follows the productions down to the musical works included and the rightsowners according to duration.

### First performance supplementary payment

A tradition in TONO is to pay a supplementary amount to musical works which has been performed for the very first time. This special distribution is always scheduled for the December distribution the year after the first performance took place. At this time all reports for exploitation in the previous year has been processed and the usages distributed so that we can determine which usage was actually the first.

There are some conditions for a work to qualify for first performance supplementary payment.

The first performance of the work must have taken place in Norway either in broadcast, in concert or in cinema.

#### First performance supplementary payment is not applied in the following cases

- Music being a part of a dramatic work like opera, musical, ballet or theatre.
- Music which is 100% improvised.
- For commissioned music in series on radio or TV, a season is considered as a whole. Only newly written material qualifies. A basis of 50% of the total music duration for a season is used in the calculation of first performance supplementary payment.
- First performance did not take place in either broadcast, concert, or cinema in Norway.
- The work's musical composition is not original, but either an arrangement, version, remix, and the like.

- The work is a vignette, jingle, signature, background, logo, or other related categories of programmed music within a program or between programs.
- The work is a medley
- The music is non-protected

The supplementary payment is based on the ordinary distributed amount for the musical work. The basis amount is multiplied with a so-called first performance factor, which varies from year to year depending on how much money has been allocated for first performances and the total ordinary amounts related to the qualifying works.

There are special calculations related to first performances in the cinema area.

There is a limit of NOK 75.000 to be paid per work and NOK 150.000 per rightsowner per year.

### Cinema

The fee equals 1% of the gross ticket revenue. The total distributable amount is divided between the movies/productions according to the level of ticket revenue. The production amounts is then respectively divided between the musical works according to duration.

### **Private copying**

Norwaco receives funds from the government over the state budget. The part which is transferred to TONO is distributed by analogy, reusing distributions from the radio area, TV-area, online-area, and NCB (physical medium).

Vignettes and jingles are not included, and any multiplication effects related to usage categories are reset in the distribution basis. Only rightsowners affiliated with CMOs in the EEA-region is included in the distribution. (CMO-Collecting Management Organization)